

Infrastructure damage

40% of Beirut has been severely damaged

Port of Beirut

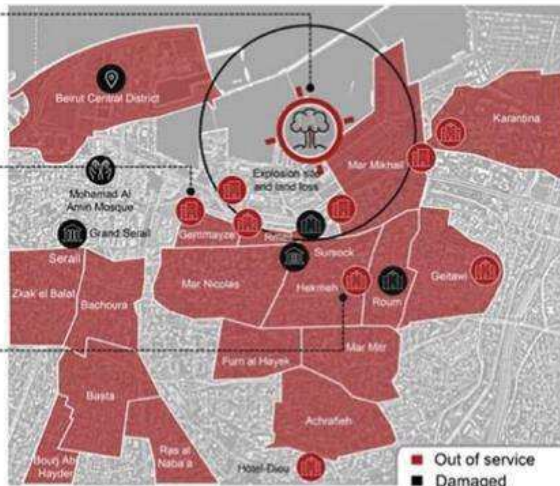
 US\$ ~15Bn cost of damages
 16 warehouses out of commission

Buildings

 US\$ ~5Bn cost of damage:
 • 30 - 40 buildings destroyed
 • ~3,400 buildings uninhabitable
 • ~40,000 total buildings affected (Council of Ministers)

Hospitals

 4 severely damaged requiring US\$ ~66 Mn
 13 others with low to moderate damages
 (WHO, hospital interviews)
 Strategy&



Schools

 ~120 schools moderately to severely damaged
 ~8 universities and ~20 TVET¹⁾ centers affected (UNICEF, UN-OCHA)

Cultural sites

 480 heritage buildings damaged (Ministry of Culture)
 160 other buildings with special features (Ministry of Culture)

Public infrastructure

 Charles Helou and port adjacent roads damaged
 EDL headquarters destroyed
 Transmission / distribution network damaged

1) TVET = Technical and Vocational Education and Training
 Note: Some affected neighbourhoods out of scope of map are Bouj Hammoud and Naba'a.
 Source: New York Times, Lebanese Council of Ministers' Report, Ministry of Culture, UNICEF, ACTED, UNESCO, Strategy& analysis

Affected people



 > 778,000 people living in a two miles radius from explosion (USAID)



 > 178 dead (UN-OCHA, UNHCR)



 > 6,000 injured (UN-OCHA)


 > 30 people still missing (UN-OCHA)


 >300,000 displaced; and elderly refusing to leave damaged houses (ACTED, UN-OCHA)


 >150,000 needing urgent humanitarian assistance (ACTED)


 > 80,000 - 100,000 children affected (UNICEF)


 > 63,000 students affected by damage to education centers (UNICEF)

Note: Numbers are preliminary estimates that are likely to increase with the on-going search and rescue operations
 Sources: USAID, UN, UNICEF, BBC, UN-OCHA, ACTED, Strategy& analysis

